$\square$ Code No. : 13615

## VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD

## B.E. (IT.: CBCS) III-Semester Main Examinations, December-2018

## Advanced Data Structures

Time: $\mathbf{3}$ hours
Max. Marks: 60
Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

| Q. No | Stem of the $Q$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Part-A (10 $\times 2=$ |
| 1. | Does friend function violate encapsulation |
|  | Consider the following code segment: |
|  | void test() ; |
|  | void test (int=10) ; |
|  | void test (int, int); |
|  | int main() |
|  | int $\mathrm{x}=20, \mathrm{y}=30$; |
|  | test(x); //call-1 |
|  | test(); //call-2 |
|  | test(x,y); //call-3 |
|  | return 0; |
|  | \} |

Identify the function call for which function overloading cannot be resolved, and why?
3. What is the ambiguity that might arise in multiple inheritance? How is it resolved?
4. Represent the above expression $4 x^{3}+3 x^{2}+x^{1}$ using Linked List.
5. Differentiate full binary tree and complete binary tree.
6. Write a recursive algorithm for Inorder traversal of a binary tree.
7. State the significance of the red and black colors in Red Black tree.
8. What is SPLAY tree? Where it is used in real world?
9. Which data structures are used for BFS and DFS of a graph?
10. What is a minimum spanning tree?

## Part-B (5 $\times 8=40$ Marks $)$

11. a) List the properties of a static member variable and static member function in a C++ class.
b) What is operator overloading? Write any 4 rules to overload an operator.
12. a) What do you mean by runtime polymorphism? How virtual functions can be used to implement runtime polymorphism? Explain with the help of an example.
b) Write a function removeDuplicate() to remove duplicate elements from a sorted circular linked list.
13. a) Show the steps involved in sorting the elements: 653187 using Heap Sort, also write the algorithm for Heapify.
b) Create a binary search tree with the help of the following traversals:

Inorder: $A, B, C, D, E, F, G, P, Q, R$
Postorder: A,C,B,E,F,P,R,Q,G,D
14. a) Define M -way search tree and write down its properties.
b) Construct B -tree of order 5 (maximum 5 child nodes) using following sequence. $23,11,4,89,119,52,98,349,164,450,333,15,12,17$.
15. a) Explain Hash tables and various types of hashing.
b) Apply Prim's algorithm on following graph to find its minimum spanning tree.

16. a) What are constructors? Explain the different types of constructors with suitable example.
b) What is exception handling? Write a program that illustrate exception handling with the help of keywords: try, throw and catch.
17. Answer any two of the following:
a) Write an algorithm for non-recursive preorder traversal of binary tree.
b) What is AVL tree? Explain all the rotations occurred during AVL Insertion.
c) Consider inserting the keys $\mathbf{3 3}, \mathbf{4 4}, \mathbf{5 5}, \mathbf{4 6}, \mathbf{6 6}, 77,22$ into a hash table of size $\mathrm{m}=11$. Use the mid-square hash function to determine the home bucket for each of the keys. Use the chaining method for handling collisions.

M: Marks; L: Bloom's Taxonomy Level; CO: Course Outcome; PO: Program Outcome

| S. No. | Criteria for questions | Percentage |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Fundamental knowledge (Level-1 \& 2) | 57 |
| 2 | Knowledge on application and analysis (Level-3 \& 4) | 43 |
| 3 | (Critical thinking and ability to design (Level-5 \& 6) <br> (*wherever applicable) | - |

